

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Foaming Bore Cleaner

According to Appendix D, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200

### 1. Identification

#### Product identifier

**Product name** Foaming Bore Cleaner

**Chemical name** Mixture

**Product number** EFGC4

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Application** Firearm bore cleaner

**Uses advised against** No specific uses advised against are identified.

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Manufacturer** Bushnell Holdings Inc  
9200 Cody  
Overland Park, KS 66214  
1-800-423-3537  
dangerous.goods@vistaoutdoor.com

#### Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone** Emergency Telephone Number (Hazardous Material/Dangerous Goods Transportation Emergency Only) 1-800-424-9300 (Inside US Only) +01-703-527-3887 (Outside US) - (CHEMTREC, Day and Night)

### 2. Hazard(s) identification

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

**Physical hazards** Not Classified

**Health hazards** Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Repr. 1B - H360D STOT SE 3 - H335

**Environmental hazards** Aquatic Acute 2 - H401

#### Label elements

##### Pictogram



**Signal word**

Danger

##### Hazard statements

H302+H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.  
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.  
H360D May damage the unborn child.  
H401 Toxic to aquatic life.

## Foaming Bore Cleaner

### Precautionary statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.  
 P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
 P260 Do not breathe vapor/ spray.  
 P261 Avoid breathing vapor/ spray.  
 P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.  
 P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
 P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
 P273 Avoid release to the environment.  
 P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.  
 P301+P312 If swallowed: Call a poison center/ doctor if you feel unwell.  
 P301+P330+P331 If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.  
 P303+P361+P353 If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.  
 P304+P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
 P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
 P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 P310 Immediately call a poison center/ doctor.  
 P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).  
 P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
 P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  
 P405 Store locked up.  
 P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

### Contains

Monoethanolamine, Alkylpolyglycoside C10-16, N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone

### Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

<b>Monoethanolamine</b> CAS number: 141-43-5	<b>30-60%</b>
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 4 - H227 Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H335 Aquatic Acute 2 - H401	
<b>Alkylpolyglycoside C10-16</b> CAS number: 110615-47-9	<b>5-10%</b>
<b>Classification</b> Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318	

## Foaming Bore Cleaner

<b>N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone</b>	<b>1-5%</b>
CAS number: 872-50-4	
<b>Classification</b>	
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315	
Eye Irrit. 2A - H319	
Repr. 1B - H360D	
STOT SE 3 - H335	

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

### 4. First-aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures

<b>General information</b>	Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.
<b>Protection of first aiders</b>	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

<b>General information</b>	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
<b>Inhalation</b>	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Severe irritation of nose and throat. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
<b>Ingestion</b>	May cause chemical burns in mouth, esophagus and stomach. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.

## Foaming Bore Cleaner

**Skin contact** Causes severe burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or irritation. Redness. Blistering may occur.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes for the doctor** Treat symptomatically.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Specific hazards** Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. This product is toxic. Severe corrosive hazard. Water used for fire extinguishing, which has been in contact with the product, may be corrosive.

**Hazardous combustion products** Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Very toxic or corrosive gases or vapors.

#### Advice for firefighters

**Protective actions during firefighting** Avoid breathing fire gases or vapors. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapors and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters** Regular protection may not be safe. Wear chemical protective suit. Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Standard Firefighter's clothing including helmets, protective boots and gloves will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions** No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray/mists. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid contact with contaminated tools and objects.

#### Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

## Foaming Bore Cleaner

<b>Methods for cleaning up</b>	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. This product is corrosive. Provide adequate ventilation. Small Spillages: Collect spillage. Large Spillages: Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
<b>Reference to other sections</b>	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

### 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

<b>Usage precautions</b>	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimize spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. This product is corrosive. Immediate first aid is imperative. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.
<b>Advice on general occupational hygiene</b>	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

<b>Storage precautions</b>	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Utilize retaining walls to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.
<b>Storage class</b>	Corrosive storage.
<b>Specific end uses(s)</b>	
<b>Specific end use(s)</b>	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

### 8. Exposure Controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

##### **Monoethanolamine**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 3 ppm 6 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 3 ppm 7.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 6 ppm 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

#### Monoethanolamine (CAS: 141-43-5)

**Immediate danger to life and health** 30 ppm

## Foaming Bore Cleaner

### Exposure controls

#### Protective equipment



#### Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimize worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimize exposure.

#### Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with OSHA 1910.133. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

#### Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with OSHA 1910.138 and be demonstrated to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

#### Other skin and body protection

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

#### Hygiene measures

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.

#### Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is NIOSH approved. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134.

#### Environmental exposure controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear, yellowish liquid.
Odor	Characteristic.

## Foaming Bore Cleaner

<b>pH</b>	pH (concentrated solution): 13.1
<b>Melting point</b>	Not determined.
<b>Initial boiling point and range</b>	Not determined.
<b>Flash point</b>	> 200°F Estimated value.
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not determined.
<b>Evaporation factor</b>	Not determined.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not determined.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	Lower flammable/explosive limit: ~1.3 % Upper flammable/explosive limit: ~23.5 %
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	Not determined.
<b>Vapor density</b>	Not determined.
<b>Relative density</b>	1.034
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	Soluble in water.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	Not determined.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not determined.
<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to static discharge
<b>Explosive under the influence of a flame</b>	No
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	Not determined.

### 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	See the other subsections of this section for further details.
<b>Stability</b>	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No potentially hazardous reactions known.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.
<b>Materials to avoid</b>	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Corrosive gases or vapors.

### 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

##### Acute toxicity - oral

**Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>)** Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Harmful if swallowed.

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 1,666.67

##### Acute toxicity - dermal

## Foaming Bore Cleaner

<b>Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>)</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>ATE dermal (mg/kg)</b>	3,666.67
<b><u>Acute toxicity - inhalation</u></b>	
<b>Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>)</b>	Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Harmful if inhaled.
<b>ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l)</b>	5.0
<b><u>Skin corrosion/irritation</u></b>	
<b>Animal data</b>	Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Causes severe burns.
<b><u>Serious eye damage/irritation</u></b>	
<b>Serious eye damage/irritation</b>	Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Corrosive to skin. Corrosivity to eyes is assumed.
<b><u>Respiratory sensitization</u></b>	
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Skin sensitization</u></b>	
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u></b>	
<b>Genotoxicity - in vitro</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Carcinogenicity</u></b>	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>IARC carcinogenicity</b>	None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.
<b><u>Reproductive toxicity</u></b>	
<b>Reproductive toxicity - fertility</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Reproductive toxicity - development</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</u></b>	
<b>STOT - single exposure</b>	STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
<b>Target organs</b>	Respiratory system, lungs
<b><u>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</u></b>	
<b>STOT - repeated exposure</b>	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
<b><u>Aspiration hazard</u></b>	
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>General information</u></b>	
<b>General information</b>	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe irritation of nose and throat.
<b>Ingestion</b>	May cause chemical burns in mouth, esophagus and stomach. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	Causes severe burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or irritation. Redness. Blistering may occur.



## Foaming Bore Cleaner

<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.
<b>Route of entry</b>	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
<b>Target Organs</b>	Respiratory system, lungs

### 12. Ecological Information

<b>Ecotoxicity</b>	Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.
<b>Toxicity</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Persistence and degradability</u></b>	
<b>Persistence and degradability</b>	The degradability of the product is not known.
<b><u>Bioaccumulative potential</u></b>	
<b>Bio-Accumulative Potential</b>	No data available on bioaccumulation.
<b><u>Mobility in soil</u></b>	
<b>Mobility</b>	No data available.
<b><u>Other adverse effects</u></b>	
<b>Other adverse effects</b>	None known.

### 13. Disposal considerations

#### Waste treatment methods

<b>General information</b>	The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.
<b>Disposal methods</b>	Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labeled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

### 14. Transport information

<b>General</b>	The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, DOT).
<b>DOT transport notes</b>	Limited Quantity by Ground This product is not regulated for road transportation in accordance with 49 CFR Exceptions.
<b><u>UN Number</u></b>	Not applicable.
<b><u>UN proper shipping name</u></b>	Not applicable.

## Foaming Bore Cleaner

### Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

### Packing group

Not applicable.

### Environmental hazards

#### **Environmentally Hazardous Substance**

No.

### Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** Not applicable.

## 15. Regulatory information

### US Federal Regulations

#### **SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Tier II Threshold Planning Quantities**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### **CERCLA/Superfund, Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantities (EPA)**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### **SARA Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA Reportable Quantities**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### **SARA 313 Emission Reporting**

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone*

0.1 %

1.0 %

#### **CAA Accidental Release Prevention**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### **FDA - Essential Chemical**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### **FDA - Precursor Chemical**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### **SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### **OSHA Highly Hazardous Chemicals**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### US State Regulations

#### **California Proposition 65 Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins**

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone*

Known to the State of California to cause developmental and reproductive toxicity.

## Foaming Bore Cleaner

### California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-I)

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-II)

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### California Directors List of Hazardous Substances

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*Monoethanolamine*

### Massachusetts "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone*

*Monoethanolamine*

### Rhode Island "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*Monoethanolamine*

### Minnesota "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone*

*Monoethanolamine*

### New Jersey "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone*

*Monoethanolamine*

### Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone*

*Monoethanolamine*

### Inventories

#### US - TSCA

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

*N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone*

*Water*

#### US - TSCA 12(b) Export Notification

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### 16. Other information

#### Classification abbreviations and acronyms

Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity  
 Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage  
 Skin Corr. = Skin corrosion  
 STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure

#### Training advice

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.

## Foaming Bore Cleaner

<b>Revision comments</b>	Revised formulation.
<b>Revision date</b>	2/8/2019
<b>Revision</b>	4
<b>Supersedes date</b>	12/4/2018
<b>SDS No.</b>	4570
<b>Hazard statements in full</b>	H227 Combustible liquid. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H360D May damage the unborn child. H401 Toxic to aquatic life.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.