SAFETY DATA SHEET
Moisture Displacing Fluid

According to Appendix D, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200.

1. Identification

Product identifier

Product name Moisture Displacing Fluid

Product number BR1003, BR1003B, BR1003CN

Internal identification 1000-505

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Application Displaces moisture and prevents rust in gun bores

Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer

Bushnell Holding Inc
9200 Cody
Overland Park, KS66214
1 541-344-4483
dangerous.goods@vistaoutdoor.com

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Emergency Telephone Number (Hazardous Material/Dangerous Goods Transportation Emergency Only) 1-800-424-9300 (Inside US Only) +01-703-527-3887 (Outside US) - (CHEMTREC, Day and Night)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 Muta. 1B - H340 Carc. 1B - H350 STOT RE 1 - H372 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

Environmental hazards Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

Label elements

Hazard symbols

Signal word Danger

Hazard statements

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312+H332 Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H340 May cause genetic defects.
H350 May cause cancer.
H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Precautionary statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe vapor/ spray.
P261 Avoid breathing vapor/ spray.
P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P301+P310 If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/ doctor.
P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
P304+P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P312 Call a poison center/ doctor if you feel unwell.
P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P391 Collect spillage.
P405 Store locked up.
P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Contains

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic, Stoddard solvent, 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene, Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., cumene

Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic **30-60%**

CAS number: 64742-52-5

Classification
Carc. 1B - H350
STOT RE 1 - H372
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

Stoddard solvent **30-60%**

CAS number: 8052-41-3

Classification
Muta. 1B - H340
Carc. 1B - H350
STOT RE 1 - H372
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

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1,2,4-trimethylbenzene **10-30%**

CAS number: 95-63-6

Classification
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226
Acute Tox. 4 - H332
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315
Eye Irrit. 2A - H319
STOT SE 3 - H335
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. **1-5%**

CAS number: 64742-95-6

Classification
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226
STOT SE 3 - H335
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol **1-5%**

CAS number: 112-34-5

Classification
Eye Irrit. 2A - H319

cumene **1-5%**

CAS number: 98-82-8

Classification
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226
STOT SE 3 - H335
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

mesitylene **<1%**

CAS number: 108-67-8

Classification
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226
STOT SE 3 - H335
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

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xylene	**<1%**
CAS number: 1330-20-7	
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315	

ethylbenzene	**<1%**
CAS number: 100-41-4	
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304	

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

4. First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Inhalation Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.

Skin Contact It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Remove contamination with soap and water or recognized skin cleansing agent. Get medical attention.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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General information See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Exhaustion and weakness. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: May cause cancer.

Ingestion May cause irritation. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: May cause cancer.

Skin contact Redness. Irritating to skin. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: May cause cancer.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. This product is toxic.

Hazardous combustion products Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapors.

Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting Avoid breathing fire gases or vapors. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapors and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters Wear chemical protective suit. Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Standard Firefighter's clothing including helmets, protective boots and gloves will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray/mists. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

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Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Provide adequate ventilation. Small Spillages: Collect spillage. Large Spillages: Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimize spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. May cause cancer. May cause genetic defects. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Utilize retaining walls to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.

Storage class Miscellaneous hazardous material storage.

Specific end uses(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Stoddard solvent

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 500 ppm 2900 mg/m³
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 100 ppm 525 mg/m³

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 25 ppm 123 mg/m³

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Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 5 mg/m³
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 5 mg/m³
Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 10 mg/m³

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 10 ppm 67.5 mg/m³ inhalable fraction and vapor

cumene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 50 ppm 246 mg/m³
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 50 ppm 245 mg/m³
Sk

mesitylene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 25 ppm 123 mg/m³

xylene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 100 ppm 435 mg/m³
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 100 ppm 434 mg/m³
Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 150 ppm 651 mg/m³
A4

ethylbenzene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 100 ppm 435 mg/m³
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 20 ppm 87 mg/m³
A3

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.
Sk = Danger of cutaneous absorption.
A3 = Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans.
A4 = Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen.

Stoddard solvent (CAS: 8052-41-3)

Immediate danger to life and health	20,000 mg/m³

cumene (CAS: 98-82-8)

Immediate danger to life and health	900 ppm

ethylbenzene (CAS: 100-41-4)

Immediate danger to life and health	800 ppm

Exposure controls

Protective equipment

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Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimize worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimize exposure.
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with OSHA 1910.133. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with OSHA 1910.138 and be demonstrated to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is NIOSH approved. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear light to dark amber
Odor	Characteristic.
pH	Not determined.
Melting point	Not determined.
Initial boiling point and range	149-260°C 300-500°F
Flash point	151°C/304°F
Evaporation rate	Not available.

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Flammability (solid, gas)	Class III liquid
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not available.
Other flammability	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not determined.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	0.866
Bulk density	7.228 lbs/gal
Solubility(ies)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not determined.
VOC Content	49 % Wt Max

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	See the other subsections of this section for further details.
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.
Conditions to avoid	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.
Materials to avoid	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapors.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD_{50})	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD_{50})	Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	1,100.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC_{50})	Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Harmful if inhaled.
ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l)	1.5

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data	Irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.

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Respiratory sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitization

Skin sensitization Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC carcinogenicity Contains a substance which may be potentially carcinogenic. IARC Group 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - development Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure STOT RE 1 - H372

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Pneumonia may be the result if vomited material containing solvents reaches the lungs.

General information May cause cancer after repeated exposure. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. May cause genetic defects. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Exhaustion and weakness.

Ingestion May cause irritation. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.

Skin Contact Redness. Irritating to skin.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target Organs No specific target organs known.

Medical considerations Skin disorders and allergies.

12. Ecological information

Toxicity Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

Bioaccumulative potential

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Bio-Accumulative Potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Mobility in soil

Mobility No data available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methods Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labeled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

14. Transport information

General For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant modal documentation using the data shown in this section.

UN Number

UN No. (TDG) 3082

UN No. (IMDG) 3082

UN No. (ICAO) 3082

UN No. (DOT) UN3082

UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (TDG) ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene, cumene)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene, cumene)

Proper shipping name (ICAO) ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene, cumene)

Proper shipping name (DOT) ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene, cumene)

Transport hazard class(es)

DOT hazard class 9

DOT hazard label 9

TDG class 9

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TDG label(s)	9
IMDG Class	9
ICAO class/division	9

DOT transport labels

Transport labels

Packing group

TDG Packing Group	III
IMDG packing group	III
ICAO packing group	III
DOT packing group	III

Environmental hazards

Environmentally Hazardous Substance

Special precautions for user

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

EmS	F-A, S-F
DOT reportable quantity	RQ: Xylene (20000 lbs), RQ: Ethylbenzene (200000 lbs)
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US Federal Regulations

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Tier II Threshold Planning Quantities

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

CERCLA/Superfund, Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantities (EPA)

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

xylene

Final CERCLA RQ: 100(45.4) pounds (Kilograms)

ethylbenzene

Final CERCLA RQ: 1000(454) pounds (Kilograms)

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cumene
Final CERCLA RQ: 5000(2270) pounds (Kilograms)

SARA Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA Reportable Quantities
None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SARA 313 Emission Reporting
The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene
1.0 %

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol
1.0 %

xylene
1.0 %
0.1 %

ethylbenzene
0.1 %

cumene
1.0 %

CAA Accidental Release Prevention
None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

FDA - Essential Chemical
None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

FDA - Precursor Chemical
None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories
None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

OSHA Highly Hazardous Chemicals
None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65 Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins
The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

ethylbenzene

Carcinogen.

cumene

Carcinogen.

California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-I)
The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol

xylene

ethylbenzene

cumene

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California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-II)
None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

California Directors List of Hazardous Substances
The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

Stoddard solvent

mesitylene

xylene

ethylbenzene

cumene

Massachusetts "Right To Know" List
The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Stoddard solvent

mesitylene

xylene

ethylbenzene

cumene

Rhode Island "Right To Know" List
The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

Stoddard solvent

xylene

ethylbenzene

cumene

Minnesota "Right To Know" List
The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Stoddard solvent

xylene

ethylbenzene

cumene

New Jersey "Right To Know" List
The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Stoddard solvent

xylene

ethylbenzene

cumene

Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List
The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

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Stoddard solvent

xylene

ethylbenzene

cumene

Inventories

US - TSCA

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

US - TSCA 12(b) Export Notification

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

16. Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	TDG: The transport of dangerous goods act IATA: International air transport association. ICAO: Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air. IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods. CAS: Chemical abstracts service. ATE: Acute toxicity estimate. LC_{50}: Lethal concentration to 50 % of a test population. LD_{50}: Lethal dose to 50% of a test population (median lethal dose). EC_{50}: 50% of maximal effective concentration. PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance. vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative.
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity Asp. Tox. = Aspiration hazard Carc. = Carcinogenicity Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation Muta. = Germ cell mutagenicity Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)
Training advice	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision comments	Revised for new Authoring software
Revision date	10/13/2022
Revision	7
Supersedes date	2/8/2019
SDS No.	4609

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Hazard statements in full

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H340 May cause genetic defects.
H350 May cause cancer.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

End of Safety Data Sheet